

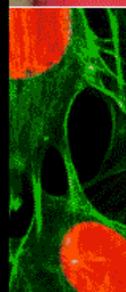


Vendor Briefing Panel - Cray

Steve Scott

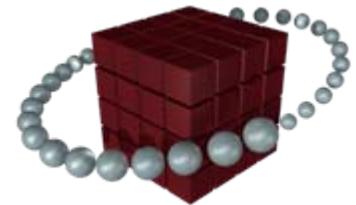
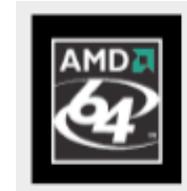
Chief Technology Officer, Cray Inc.

SOS 10, Maui, March 2006



What is Cray's technology to achieve petaflop systems in 2009?

- Start with best-of-class microprocessor: AMD Opteron™
 - Industry standard x86/64 architecture
 - Integrated memory controller
 - ⇒ very low memory latency (~50ns)
 - Open standard, high speed interface (HyperTransport)
 - Dual core today with strong roadmap
- Surround it with Cray communications infrastructure
 - High global bandwidth to tens of thousands of nodes
 - Globally addressable memory
 - ⇒ low overhead, one-sided data access
 - Scalable addressing, translation and synchronization
 - Unlimited concurrency for latency tolerance
 - Support for low latency, low overhead message passing too



How will Cray achieve petaflop application scalability by 2009?

- Good question, but the wrong question for system vendors
 - Many applications already scale (some never will)
 - Lots of work to do... (some by us, most by others)
- System vendors need to provide:
 - Balanced systems
 - Efficient communication and synchronization mechanisms
 - Robust systems that can scale to petaflops reliably
 - Better programming models
 - Good tools for performance tuning and debugging *at scale*
- And to *expand* the set of applications served:
 - Configurable system bandwidth
 - Heterogeneous processing (one size doesn't fit all)
 - Vectorization, massive multithreading, FPGAs

What's Cray's view of the future size of the HPC market?

- High end is growing, and is a big market for Cray
- That said, some things we're going in Cascade may find applicability outside of HPC
 - Adaptive processing can provide advantages at the single processor scale

How can HPC customers help us?

- Well... um... buy lots of Cray machines.
- Customers should make their real needs known, and then buy machines based on those criteria.
- This will reward vendors for building *useful* machines.

Who will be our closest competitors in 2009?

- The usual suspects...

Where will new competitors come from?

- Various niche solutions may play a role (e.g: Cell, CSX600)
 - May just play in limited application domains
 - Programmability is more important than performance
 - If you can't compile a mainstream HLL to it, it won't be a general purpose solution
 - Key will be creating an effective heterogeneous computing capability